| Country | Location (Relative to India) | Capital(s) | Official Language(s) / Important Cities (besides capital) | Major River(s) | Key Geographical Features/Terrain | Historical Significance/Famous Products/Other Key Info |
|-------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Pakistan | Western land boundary | Islamabad | Important Cities: Karachi, Lahore | Indus & its five tributaries | Himalayan Mountain Range (forms northern boundary), Thar Desert (extends into Punjab and Sind provinces) | Ruins of Indus Valley settlements (Harappa, Mohenjo-Daro), Ruins of Taxila |
| China | North-eastern side | Beijing | Mandarin (official language) | Hwang Ho, Yangtze | Gobi Desert (parts of northern & north-western China), Himalayan Mountain Range (forms natural boundary with India) | Birthplace of one of the oldest civilizations, Historically strong trade links with India via Silk Route, Most populous country in the world, Famous Chinese monks (Hiuen Tsang, Fa- Hien) travelled to India |
| Nepal | Foothills of the Himalayas (shares a mountainous boundary with India) | Kathmandu | - | Kosi (and others flowing into Indo- Gangetic Plain) | Two physical divisions: Hill region & Terai (fertile agricultural land), Mount Everest (world's highest mountain peak) | - |
| Bhutan | Eastern Himalayas (country surrounded by hills) | Thimpu | - | Torsa, Wong, Sankosh, Manas | Three physical regions: Greater Himalayas, Lesser Himalayas, Dooars Plains. Shares boundaries with West Bengal & Assam (S), Arunachal Pradesh (E), Sikkim (W) | - |
| Bangladesh | East (shares borders with West Bengal, Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura, Mizoram) | Dhaka | - | Padma, Jamuna, Ganga, Meghna | Large part of Ganga- Brahmaputra Delta, Large mangrove forest: the Sundarbans (extends into India) | - |
| Myanmar | North-eastern part of India (shares a geographical border through a thickly forested region) | Naypyidaw | - | Irrawaddy | Rich fertile delta region of Irrawaddy river (where crops are cultivated) | Formerly called Burma, Was part of India under British rule, Ruby (precious stone used for jewellery), India- Myanmar-Thailand (IMT) trilateral highway being built |
| Sri Lanka | Island, South of India | Administrative: Sri Jayawardenepu ra Kotte; Commercial: Colombo | - | (Not specified as major) | Varied terrain (ranging from hills to plains), Hill slopes have tea plantations, Separated from India by the narrow Palk Strait | Formerly known as Ceylon, Sri Lankan tea and spices are famous all over the world |
| Afghanistan | North-west of India | Kabul | Pashto (official language); Kabul is also the largest city. | Helmand River (longest river) | - | Afghan rugs are very popular around the world |